#### § 1048.245

emissions at the low-hour test point. Adjust the official emission results for each tested engine at the selected test point by multiplying the measured emissions by the deterioration factor. If the factor is less than one, use one.

- (2) For engines that do not use aftertreatment technology, the deterioration factor is the difference between exhaust emissions at the end of useful life and exhaust emissions at the low-hour test point. Adjust the official emission results for each tested engine at the selected test point by adding the factor to the measured emissions. If the factor is less than zero, use zero.
- (d) After adjusting the emission levels for deterioration, round them to the same number of decimal places as the emission standard. Compare the rounded emission levels to the emission standard for each test engine.

# § 1048.245 How do I demonstrate that my engine family complies with evaporative emission standards?

- (a) For certification, your engine family is considered in compliance with the evaporative emission standards in subpart B of this part if you do either of the following:
- (1) You have test results showing that evaporative emissions in the family are at or below the standards throughout the useful life.
- (2) Where applicable, you comply with the design specifications in paragraph (e) of this section.
- (b) Your engine family does not comply if any fuel system representing that family has test results showing emission levels above the standards.
- (c) Use good engineering judgment to develop a test plan to establish deterioration factors to show how much emissions increase at the end of useful life.
- (d) If you adjust the emission levels for deterioration, round them to the same number of decimal places as the emission standard. Compare the rounded emission levels to the emission standard for each test fuel system.
- (e) You may demonstrate that your engine family complies with the evaporative emission standards by demonstrating that you use the following control technologies:

- (1) For certification to the standards specified in §1048.105(a)(1), with the following technologies:
- (i) Use a tethered or self-closing gas cap on a fuel tank that stays sealed up to a positive pressure of 24.5 kPa (3.5 psig) or a vacuum pressure of 10.5 kPa (1.5 psig).

(ii) [Reserved]

- (2) For certification to the standards specified in §1048.105(a)(3), demonstrating that you use design features to prevent fuel boiling under all normal operation. You may do this using fuel temperature data measured during normal operation.
- (3) We may establish additional options for design-based certification where we find that new test data demonstrate that a technology will ensure compliance with the emission standards in this section.

## § 1048.250 What records must I keep and make available to EPA?

- (a) Organize and maintain the following records to keep them readily available; we may review these records at any time:
- (1) A copy of all applications and any summary information you sent us.
- (2) Any of the information we specify in §1048.205 that you did not include in your application.
- (3) A detailed history of each emission-data engine. In each history, describe all of the following:
- (i) The test engine's construction, including its origin and buildup, steps you took to ensure that it represents production engines, any components you built specially for it, and all emission-related components.
- (ii) How you accumulated engine operating hours, including the dates and the number of hours accumulated.
- (iii) All maintenance (including modifications, parts changes, and other service) and the dates and reasons for the maintenance.
- (iv) All your emission tests, including documentation on routine and standard tests, as specified in part 40 CFR part 1065, and the date and purpose of each test.
- (v) All tests to diagnose engine or emission-control performance, giving the date and time of each and the reasons for the test.

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- (vi) Any other significant events.
- (b) Keep data from routine emission tests (such as test cell temperatures and relative humidity readings) for one year after we issue the associated certificate of conformity. Keep all other information specified in paragraph (a) of this section for eight years after we issue your certificate.
- (c) Store these records in any format and on any media, as long as you can promptly send us organized, written records in English if we ask for them.
- (d) Send us copies of any engine maintenance instructions or explanations if we ask for them.

## § 1048.255 When may EPA deny, revoke, or void my certificate of conformity?

- (a) We may deny your application for certification if your engine family fails to comply with emission standards or other requirements of this part or the Act. Our decision may be based on any information available to us showing you do not meet emission standards or other requirements, including any testing that we conduct under paragraph (f) of this section. If we deny your application, we will explain why in writing
- (b) In addition, we may deny your application or revoke your certificate if you do any of the following:
- (1) Refuse to comply with any testing or reporting requirements.
- (2) Submit false or incomplete information (paragraph (d) of this section applies if this is fraudulent)
- applies if this is fraudulent).
  (3) Render inaccurate any test data.
- (4) Deny us from completing authorized activities despite our presenting a warrant or court order (see 40 CFR 1068.20).
- (5) Produce engines for importation into the United States at a location where local law prohibits us from carrying out authorized activities.
- (c) We may void your certificate if you do not keep the records we require or do not give us information when we ask for it.
- (d) We may void your certificate if we find that you intentionally submitted false or incomplete information.
- (e) If we deny your application or revoke or void your certificate, you may

- ask for a hearing (see §1048.820). Any such hearing will be limited to substantial and factual issues.
- (f) We may conduct confirmatory testing of your engines as part of certification. We may deny your application for certification or revoke your certificate if your engines fail to comply with emission standards or other requirements during confirmatory testing.

#### Subpart D—Testing Production-line Engines

### §1048.301 When must I test my production-line engines?

- (a) If you produce engines that are subject the requirements of this part, you must test them as described in this subpart.
- (b) We may suspend or revoke your certificate of conformity for certain engine families if your production-line engines do not meet the requirements of this part or you do not fulfill your obligations under this subpart (see §§ 1048.325 and 1048.340).
- (c) Other requirements apply to engines that you produce. Other regulatory provisions authorize us to suspend, revoke, or void your certificate of conformity, or order recalls for engines families without regard to whether they have passed these productionline testing requirements. The requirements of this part do not affect our ability to do selective enforcement audits, as described in part 1068 of this chapter. Individual engines in families that pass these production-line testing requirements must also conform to all applicable regulations of this part and part 1068 of this chapter.
- (d) You may ask to use an alternate program for testing production-line engines. In your request, you must show us that the alternate program gives equal assurance that your production-line engines meet the requirements of this part. If we approve your alternate program, we may waive some or all of this subpart's requirements.
- (e) If you certify an engine family with carryover emission data, as described in §1048.235(c), and these equivalent engine families consistently pass